IN THE SUPREME COURT OF SOUTH AFRICA

(APPELLATE DIVISION)

In the matter between:

PRITCHARD PROPERTIES (PROPRIETARY) LIMITED ... Appellant

AND

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BASIL KOULIS Respondent

<u>CORAM</u> : JANSEN, KOTZÉ, TRENGOVE, BOSHOFF, JJA <u>et</u> CILLIÉ, AJA

HEARD : 11 NOVEMBER 1985

DELIVERED : 2 DESEMBER 1985

JUDGMENT

BOSHOFF, JA

I agree with Cillié AJA that the contract

of/....

of lease in question can be construed without

seeking aid from circumstances outside the

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written contract and without relying on infe-

rences to be drawn from the fact of the deletion

and meaning of the deleted word "latter". In my

respectful view it is for this reason not necessary

to express any opinion on whether or not any

assistance can be derived from a deleted yet

partially legible word to ascertain the intention

of the parties in construing an ambiguity or un-

certainty in a contract.

But for this qualification I am in

entire agreement with the reasoning and conclusion

arrived at by Cillié AJA.

I/....

I agree that the appeal be allowed

with costs and that the order of the Court <u>a quo</u>

be altered as suggested by the learned Judge.

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JUDGE OF APPEAL

147/85

Case no 324/84. MC

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PRITCHARD PROPERTIES (PROPRIETARY) LIMITED Appellant

and

BASIL KOULIS

Respondent

<u>Coram</u>: JANSEN, KOTZÉ, TRENGOVE, BOSHOFF JJA <u>et</u> CILLIÉ AJA.

Heard: 11 November 1985.

Delivered: 2 December 1985.

JUDGMENT

JANSEN JA :-

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I have had the advantage of reading the

judgments /

judgments of KOTZÉ JA, BOSHOFF JA and CILLIÉ AJA. I am in respectful agreement with the result arrived at by KOTZÉ JA but for different reasons. They are the following.

In my respectful view the rules relating to the role of "surrounding circumstances" in interpreting a contract afford no real guidance to the solution of the present problem. It is therefore in the present case not only unnecessary to attempt to state such rules but also undesirable to do so without a full analysis of the relevant cases and the considerations involved. Here the word-with-deletion is not a "surrounding" circumstance but part and parcel of the document, plain to see for any reader. As every character on the

document /

document must be read and integrated with the others, so also the line through the visible word "latter", together constituting a conpound character, must be considered in arriving at the meaning of the document. I am in full agreement with the court a quo that "to ignore it would be to adopt an ostrich-like attitude" (1984 (4) SA 327(W) at the bottom of p 333-334) and also that if it is looked at, the meaning that emerges from the document as a whole is that found by the court a quo (at p 330 A-F). This meaning is substantially that propounded by KOTZé JA (without reference, however, to the deletion of the word "latter").

3.

I may only add that in my view the <u>obiter</u> view expressed by JAMES JP in <u>Valdave Investments (Pty) Ltd v</u>

Total /

Total SA (Pty) Ltd van Another 1977(2) SA 94(D)

should be followed, and that in respect of the two

conflicting lines of cases mentioned by the court a quo,

the better view is to be found in that mentioned by the

court a quo under "(iv)" at the bottom of p 331-332 E.

I would therefore dismiss the appeal with

costs.

E.L. JANSEN JA.