

## THE SUPREME COURT OF APPEAL OF SOUTH AFRICA

**JUDGMENT** 

Of no precedential significance

Case No: 240/10

In the matter between:

**IVAURA ESTATES (PTY) LTD** 

**Appellant** 

and

THE MEMBER OF THE EXECUTIVE COUNCIL,

DEPARTMENT OF ROADS & TRANSPORT, MPUMALANGA Respondent

**Neutral citation**: *Ivaura Estates (Pty) Ltd v The Member of the Executive* 

Council, Department of Roads & Transport, Mpumalanga

(240/10) [2011] ZASCA 9 (10 March 2011).

**Coram:** HARMS DP, CLOETE and MALAN JJA

Heard: 4 March 2011

Delivered: 10 March 2011

**Summary:** Delict: negligence: fire.

## ORDER

**On appeal from:** North Gauteng High Court (Pretoria) (Legodi J sitting as court of first instance):

The appeal is dismissed, with costs.

## **JUDGMENT**

CLOETE JA (HARMS DP and MALAN JA concurring):

- [1] On 12 October 2005 a fire destroyed or damaged a considerable number of mango trees on the appellant company's property. The appellant sued The Member of the Executive Council, Department of Roads and Transport, Mpumalanga Province, alleging negligence on the part of employees of the department ('the road workers') who had been cutting the grass on the road reserve of the D533 adjacent to the plaintiff's farm. The court a quo (Legodi J) dismissed the claim but granted leave to appeal to this court.
- [2] For the purposes of this judgment I shall assume in favour of the appellant that the road workers were negligent in starting and not controlling the fire. A passerby noticed the fire burning in the road reserve and alerted Mr Peter Spear, who telephoned his brother, Mr John Spear, the managing director of the plaintiff. Mr John Spear dispatched a tractor towing a 2 000 litre high pressure sprayer to fight the fire.
- [3] When Mr John Spear arrived at the site of the fire, he found that it had been extinguished by his brother, a team of five or six labourers using the high pressure sprayer and the road workers. Nevertheless, to make assurance doubly sure, the burnt grass was swept towards the middle of the

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burnt area and it was again sprayed with water. The appellant's employees

then left the scene.

[4] It was the appellant's case that the fire flared up again and spread to

the mango orchards owned by it. Assuming, again in favour of the appellant,

that this is so, there was in my view no negligence on the part of the road

workers. The appellant's representatives arrived on the scene and took over

the fighting of the fire. They had the equipment and the knowledge how to do

so. Mr John Spear said that he and his brother had acquired knowledge of

fighting fires over some thirty years of farming and he said that he had been

involved in fighting between 100 and 200 fires himself. When the appellant's

employees left, Mr John Spear was satisfied not only that the fire had been

extinguished, but also that sufficient precautions had been taken to prevent it

flaring up again. In these circumstances, it cannot be found that a reasonable

man in the position of the road workers would have foreseen that it would, and

accordingly the first requirement set out in Kruger v Coetzee 1966 (2) SA 428

(A) at 430E-F, the locus classicus of the test for negligence, has not been

satisfied.

[5] The appeal is dismissed, with costs.

T D CLOETE JUDGE OF APPEAL **APPEARANCES**:

E B Clavier APPELLANTS:

> Instructed by Du Toit-Smuts & Mathews Phosa c/o De Swardt Vögel & Myambo, Pretoria

Symington & De Kok, Bloemfontein

**RESPONDENTS**: T P Krüger

Instructed by The State Attorney, Pretoria The State Attorney, Bloemfontein